IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF UTAH CENTRAL DIVISION

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff,

v.

MICHAEL DIAZ,

Defendant.

MEMORANDUM DECISION AND ORDER DENYING EARLY TERMINATION OF SUPERVISED RELEASE

Case No. 2:16CR181DAK

Judge Dale A. Kimball

This matter is before the court on Defendant's request for early termination of supervised release. On November 3, 2009, the U.S. District Court in Mississippi sentenced Defendant to 96 months incarceration and 60 months of supervised release for failure to report as a sex offender. Defendant began serving his supervised release on February 17, 2016, and Defendant's case was transferred to this district. Defendant's United States Probation Officer contacted the Assistant United States Attorney who prosecuted Defendant's case and he opposes early termination. Defendant's Probation Officer has also provided the court with a supervision summary.

Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3583(e)(1), after considering the factors set forth in Section 3553(a)(1), (a)(2)(B), (a)(2)(C), (a)(2)(D), (a)(4), (a)(5), and (a)(6), the court may terminate a term of supervised release "at any time after the expiration of one year of supervised release . . . if it is satisfied that such action is warranted by the conduct of the defendant released and the interest of justice." The factors to be considered in Section 3553(a) are those factors to be

considered in imposing a sentence, including "the nature and circumstances of the offense and

the history and characteristics of the defendant," the applicable sentencing guidelines and any

policy statements issued by the Sentencing Commission, and the need for the sentence imposed

to promote respect for the law, to provide just punishment, to deter other criminal conduct, and to

provide the defendant with needed services. See 18 U.S.C. § 3553(a).

Defendant's Probation Officer states that Defendant has been fully compliant while on

supervised release, has completed mental health treatment, and is currently participating in sex

offender treatment. Defendant has taken many positive steps to turn his life around. However,

the court believes that the structure of reporting to his Probation Officer and attending treatment

is beneficial to Defendant. Remaining on supervised release enables Defendant to continue with

treatment, which the court believes should continue throughout Defendant's term of supervised

release. Defendant's term of supervised release is consistent with the length of his sentence and

will hopefully provide Defendant with the necessary time to receive treatment. Because the court

believes that Defendant will benefit from supervision, the court denies Defendant's motion for

early termination of supervised release.

DATED this 27th day of August, 2018.

BY THE COURT:

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DALE A. KIMBALL

United States District Judge

2